Finite Entailment of Local Queries in the \mathcal{Z} family of Description Logics

February 22 - March 1 2022, AAAI 2022

Bartosz "Bart" Bednarczyk, Emanuel Kieroński

TU DRESDEN & UNIVERSITY OF WROCŁAW





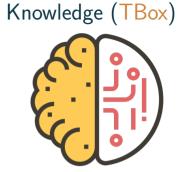




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Database (ABox)







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Bartosz "Bart" Bednarczyk

Querying the $\ensuremath{\mathcal{Z}}$ family with local queries in the finite

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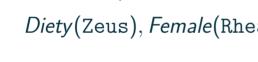


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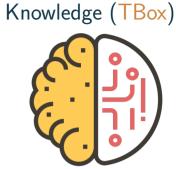




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 \mathcal{ALC}

 $Mortal \sqsubseteq \neg Diety$ $\top \sqsubseteq \exists hasParent.Male \sqcap \exists hasParent.Female$



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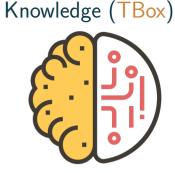
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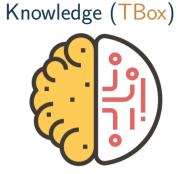
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ALCMortal $\sqsubseteq \neg Diety$ $\top \sqsubseteq \exists hasParent.Male \sqcap \exists hasParent.Female$ SelfNarcist $\sqsubseteq \exists loves.Self$



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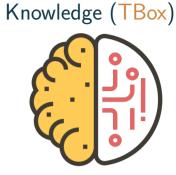
ALC Self

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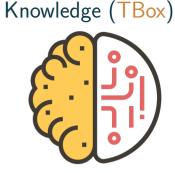
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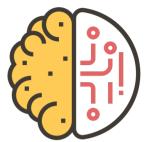


Knowledge (TBox)



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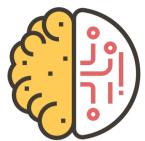


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This work: study of KBSat and CQ Entailment in the finite for fragments of ZOIQ.



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Querying the ${\mathcal Z}$ family with local queries in the finite

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FinPEQEnt is: (a) in 2/3-NEXPTIME for $\mathcal{ALCOIF}_{reg}^{1/2}$ (b) 2EXPTIME-c for $\mathcal{ALC} \subseteq \mathcal{L} \subseteq \mathcal{ALCHb}_{Self}\mathcal{IQ}$.

Proof ideas on FC for \mathcal{ZOI} and \mathcal{ZOQ}

Idea: take any $\mathcal{ZOI}/\mathcal{ZOQ}$ -KB \mathcal{K} and a PEQ q and a countermodel $\mathcal{I} \models \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{I} \not\models q$. Construct a finite \mathcal{J} .

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Quasi-forest countermodels

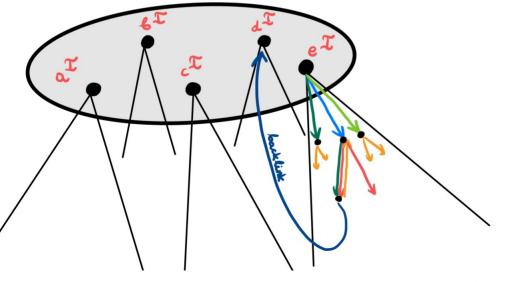
Idea: take any $\mathcal{ZOI}/\mathcal{ZOQ}$ -KB \mathcal{K} and a PEQ q and a countermodel $\mathcal{I} \models \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{I} \not\models q$. Construct a finite \mathcal{J} . **Normal form for KBs**

W.I.o.g. we assume that our input \mathcal{K} has no ABox and its TBox is of the form:

 $A \equiv \{o\}, \quad A \equiv \neg B, \quad A \equiv B \sqcup B', \quad A \equiv (\geq n s).B, \quad A \equiv \exists p_A.B, \quad A \equiv \exists s.Self$

- s is a simple role, i.e. safe boolean combination of atomic roles
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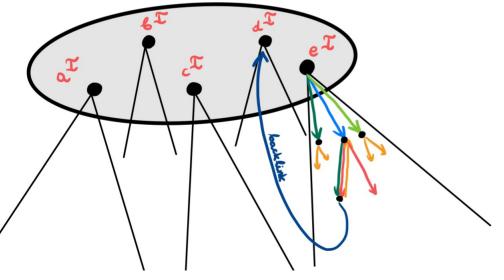
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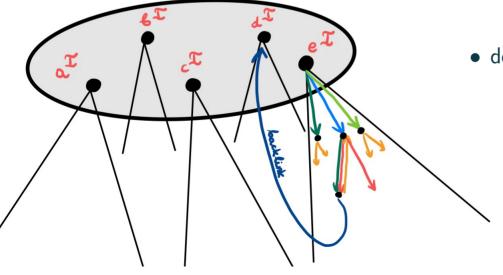
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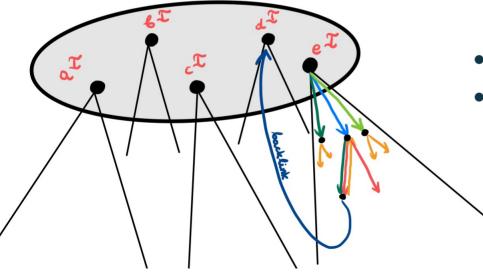
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Bartosz "Bart" Bednarczyk

Quasi-forest countermodels



W.l.o.g. \mathcal{I} is a quasi-forest such that:

- degree of each node is finite
- Every role/concept name $\not\in \mathcal{K}$ is interpreted as \emptyset

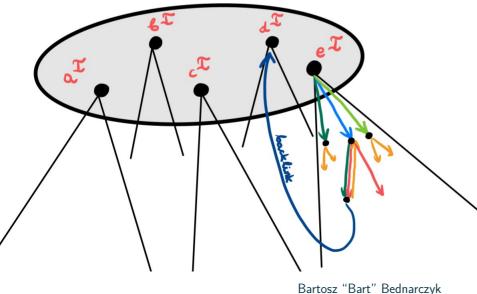
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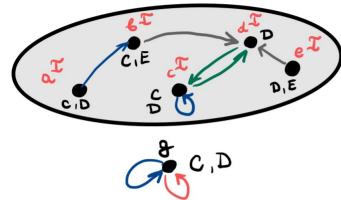


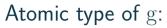
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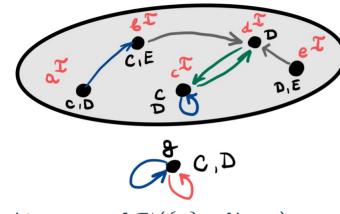
- degree of each node is finite
- Every role/concept name $\not\in \mathcal{K}$ is interpreted as \emptyset
- Witnesses for ex. restr. can be always find below.

Atomic type of $g{:}$

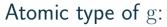
 $\label{eq:constraint} \mbox{Atomic type of } g :$



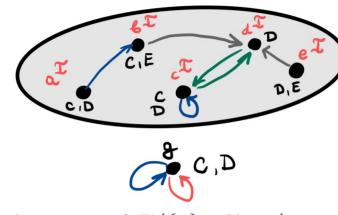




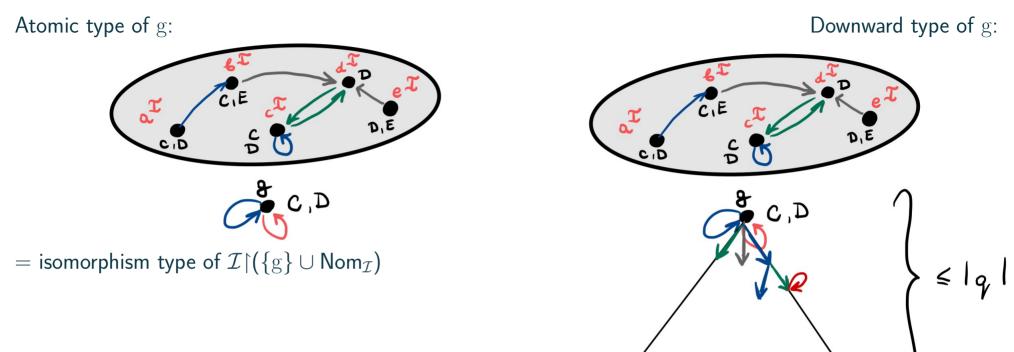
= isomorphism type of $\mathcal{I} \upharpoonright (\{g\} \cup \mathsf{Nom}_{\mathcal{I}})$

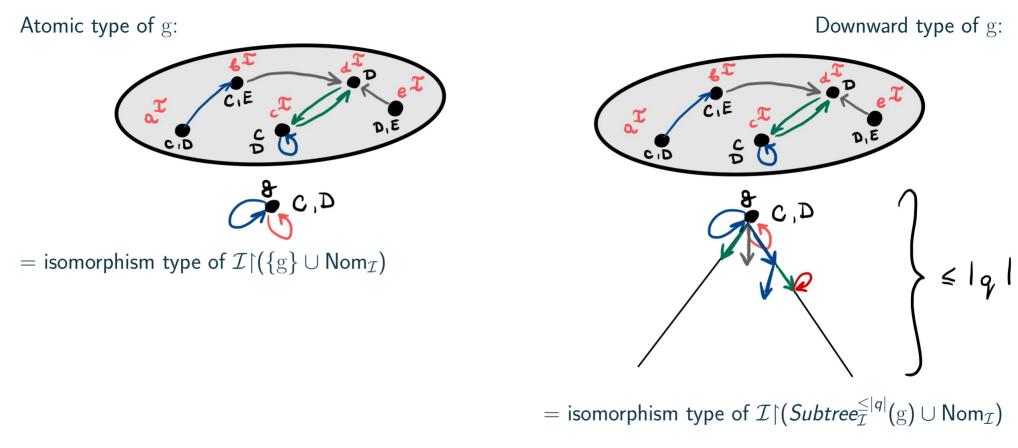


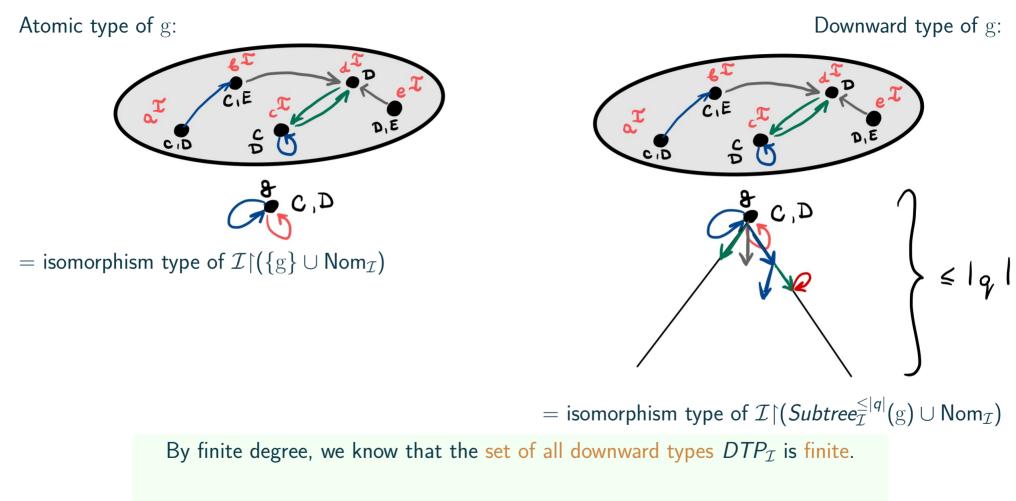
Downward type of g:

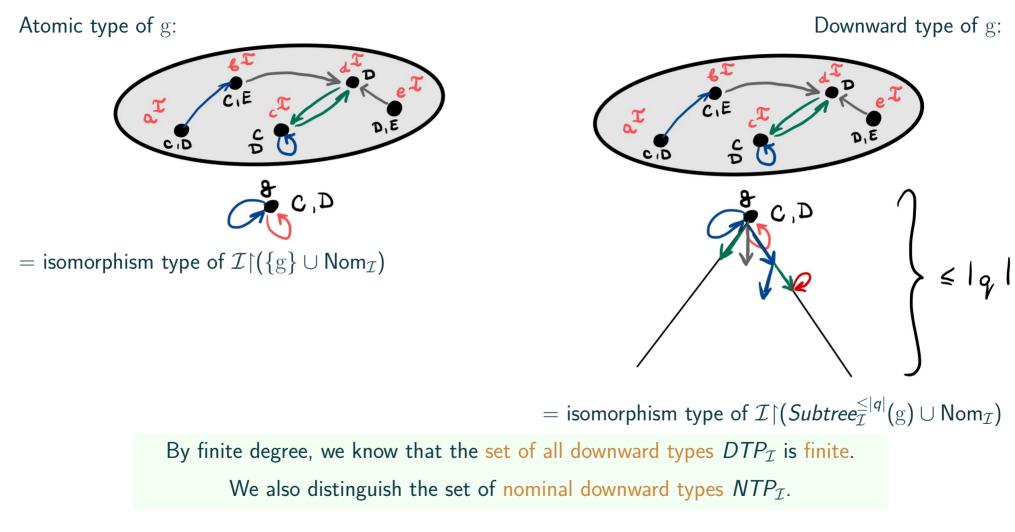


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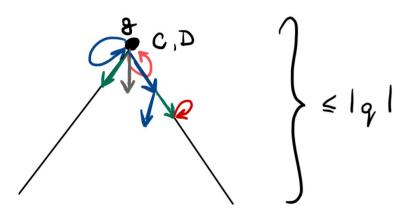




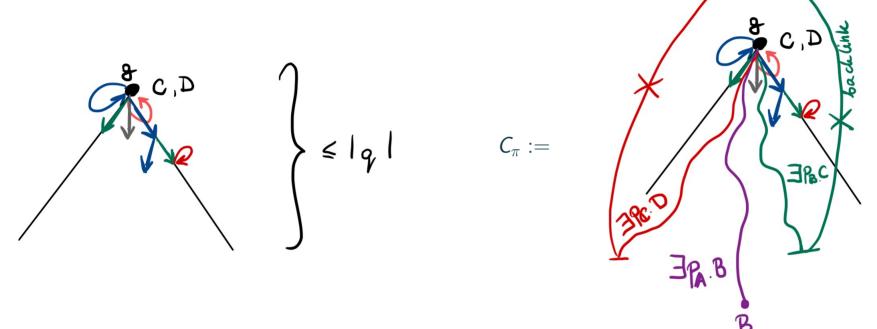


We select any downward type $\pi \in DTP_{\mathcal{I}}$ and any g of this type.

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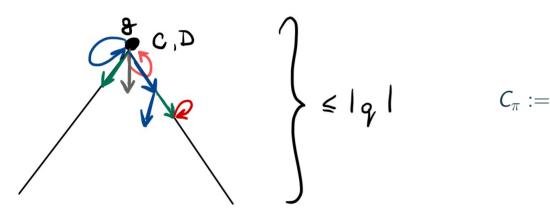


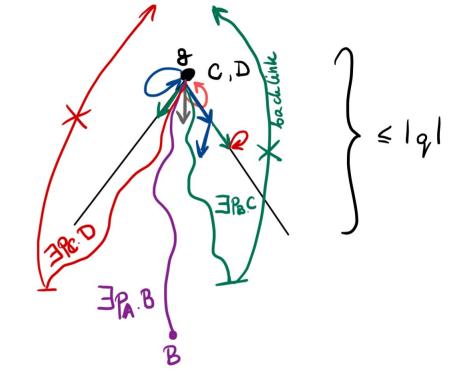
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 $\leq |q|$

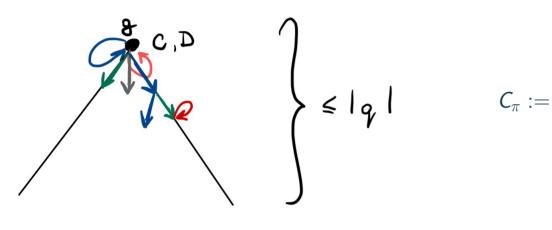
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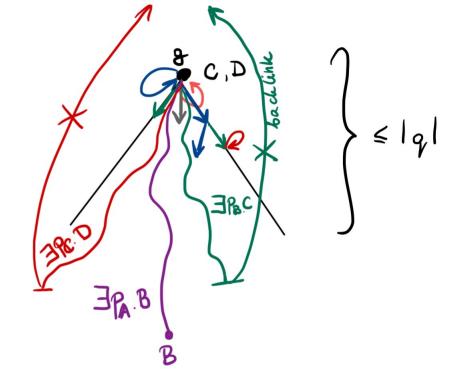




We include all the nodes from $Subtree_{\mathcal{I}}^{\leq |q|}(g)$.

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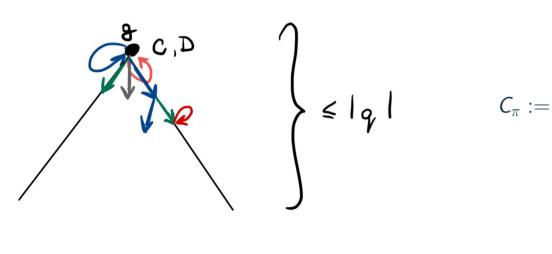


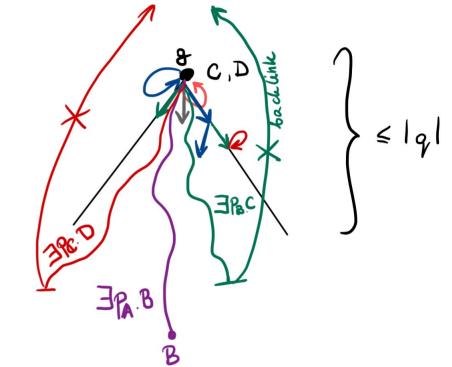


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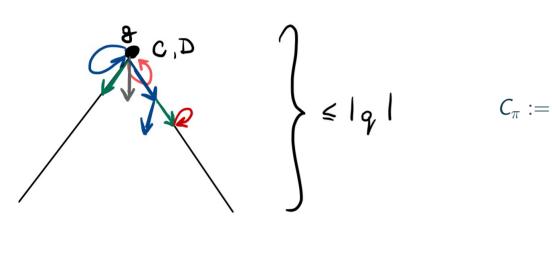


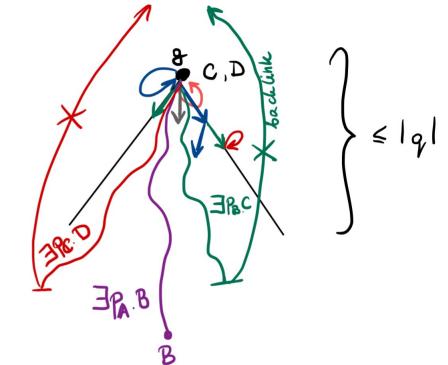
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- We cut it before the first nominal on the path and include it to the component.
- We extend the resulting structure in a minimal way to make it parent and sibling closed.

Let $L = \max$ numb. of leaves across all the components and $M = \max$ degree of all the nodes.

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We let \mathcal{J} to be composed of a copy of each \mathcal{C}_{π} for all nominal π

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and $|NTP_{\mathcal{I}}| \cdot 2 \cdot L \cdot M$ copies for all \mathcal{C}_{π} for non-nominal components π , named in a special way:

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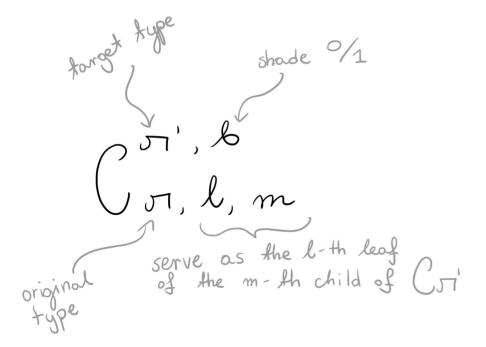
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torget "The shade %1 original of the m-th child of CJT

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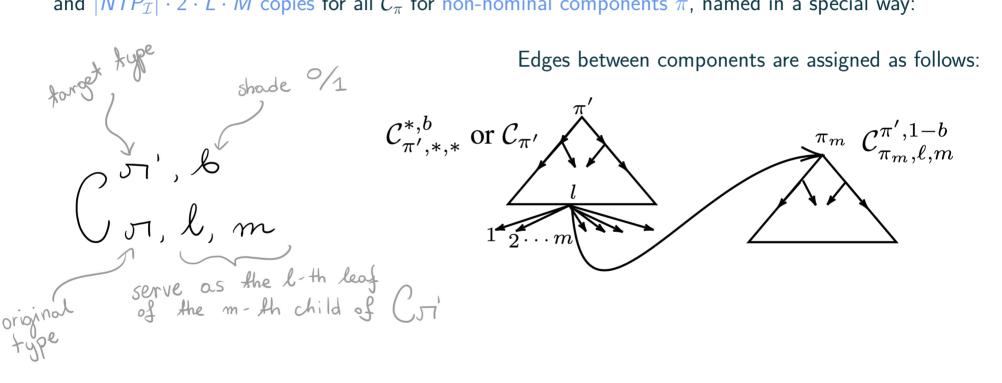


Edges between components are assigned as follows:

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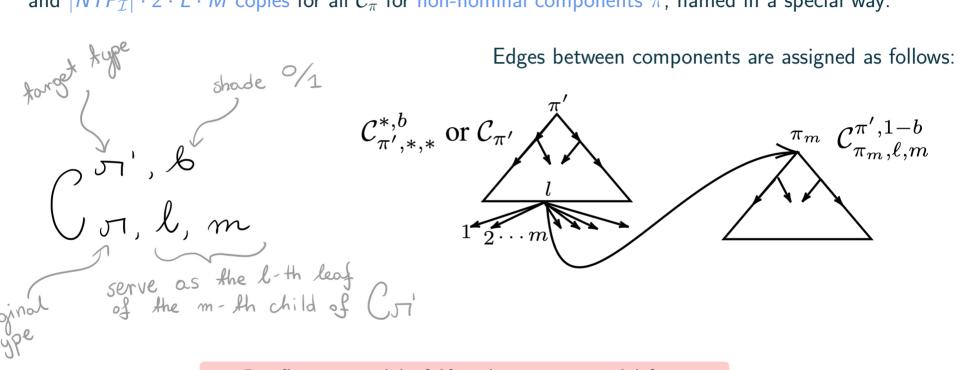
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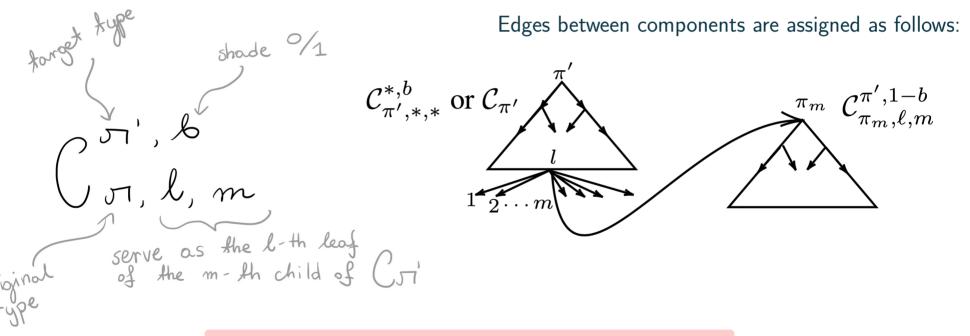


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Check Part IV: The proof in our paper! Thanks for attention!

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Querying the ${\mathcal Z}$ family with local queries in the finite